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3 (Sem-4/CBCS) GGY HC 2

2022

GEOGRAPHY

(Honours)

Paper : GGY-HC-4026

(Population and Settlement Geography)

Full Marks : 60

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer **any seven** questions : $1 \times 7 = 7$
- (a) NPR stands for _____.
(Fill in the blank)
- (b) Crude birth rate is expressed in terms of number of births in a year per thousand of the mid year population.
(Write True or False)
- (c) Fecundity indicates mortality rate/ fertility potential/ non-working status of the females. (Choose the correct one)

Contd.

(d) The largest city in a country or region is called _____. (Fill in the blank)

(e) "Push and Pull" theory is related with

(i) migration

(ii) economic development

(iii) social change

(iv) All of the above

(Choose the correct answer)

(f) The land between urban and rural areas where daily goods are transported is called _____. (Fill in the blank)

(g) Name a planned city of India.

(h) Up to, what are latitude polar regions populated ?

(i) In which stage of demographic transition India is currently passing ?

(j) Where are cluster settlements generally found ?

2. Answer **any four** questions : $2 \times 4 = 8$

(a) What is dependancy ratio ?

(b) What do you mean by urban fringe area ?

- (c) What is threshold population ?
- (d) What is population projection ?
- (e) What is transhumance ?
- (f) Define CBD.
- (g) Define the term 'conurbation'.
- (h) What do you mean by distribution and density of population ?

3. Answer **any three** questions : $5 \times 3 = 15$

- (a) Describe the nature and scope of population geography.
- (b) What are the basic sources of population data ?
- (c) What are the basic components of population growth ?
- (d) What are the major characteristics of rural and urban settlements ?
- (e) What do you mean by optimum population ?
- (f) Distinguish between primate city and urban fringe.
- (g) What are the major premises of Christaller's central place theory ?

(h) Describe the structural characteristics of a town.

4. Answer **any three** questions : $10 \times 3 = 30$

(a) Define the field of population geography. Describe the relation of population geography with demography.

(b) Describe the characteristics and methodology problems of population data.

(c) Describe the pattern of world distribution of population.

(d) Describe in detail about the population density regions of India.

(e) Describe the pattern of spatial variation in population growth in the world.

(f) Describe the demographic transition theory with necessary illustrations.

(g) Define settlement geography. Describe its nature and scope.

(h) Describe the factors influencing distribution pattern of settlements.