Total number of printed pages-8

3 (Sem-2/CBCS) CHE HC 1

2023

CHEMISTRY

(Honours Core)

Paper : CHE-HC-2016

(Organic Chemistry-I)

Full Marks : 60

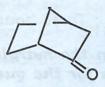
Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer **all** the questions : 1×7=7

- (a) Draw the orbital diagrams of singlet and a triplet carbon.
- (b) Write the structure of (R,R)-tartaric acid.
- (c) Draw the Newman projection formula of the lowest energy conformer of butane.

- (d) Between ammonia and trimethylamine which one is more likely to favour elimination over substitution and why?
- (e) Define a meso compound.
- (f) Is cyclopentadiene acidic ? Give reasons.
- (g) Write the IUPAC name of the following compound :

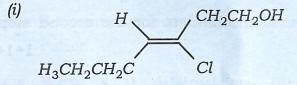


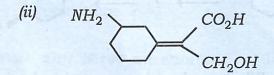
2. Answer *all* the questions : $2 \times 4 = 8$

- (a) What product is obtained when cyclohexane is subjected to ozonolysis? Write the reaction involved.
- (b) Suggest two ways by which you can convert — OH group into good leaving group. 1+1=2
- (c) Invoking hybridisation, explain the structure of methyl free radical.

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(d) Label the following as E- or Z-isomer:





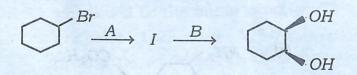
3. Answer any three questions: 5×3=15

(a) When 1-iodo-1-methylcyclohexane is treated with $NaOCH_2CH_3$ as the base, the more highly substituted alkene product predominates. When $KOC(CH_3)_3$ is used as the base, the less highly substituted alkene predominates. Write the reactions, giving the structure of the two products and offer an explanation. 3+2=5

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(b) Identify the reagents and intermediate in the following reaction. Propose a mechanism for the second step.

1+1+1+2=5



(c) What product is expected to be formed in the following reaction ?

 $\xrightarrow{AlCl_3} ?$

Write the name of the above reaction and propose a mechanism, clearly explaining the steps involved.

1+1+3=5

(d) Write the steps involved in a E2 mechanism. Provide one evidence in favour of E2 mechanism. Under what condition E2 is favoured over E1 mechanism ?

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- (e) (i) State one method by which carbocations can be generated.
 - (ii) Account for the stability of a benzyl cation.
 - (iii) Why is it difficult to form carbocations at bridgehead positions ? 1+2+2=5

4. Answer any three questions : 10×3=30

 (a) (i) Toluene undergoes benzylic bromination when heated with NBS. Write the product obtained in the reaction Propose a mechanism for the reaction.

1+4=5

- (ii) Why are terminal alkynes acidic ?
 Write the reaction involved in the conversion of propane to pent-2-yne.
 1+2=3
- (iii) How can you convert propyne to propan-2-one ? 2

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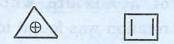
(b) Give the 1,2- and 1,4- products of the addition of one equivalent of HBr to 2,4-hexadiene. Draw the transition states involved and predict which of them would be the major product and which will be the minor product. What are the 1,2- and 1,4- addition products of HBr to 2-methyl-1, 3-cyclohexadiene? What is about the products of 1,2- and 1,4-addition of HX to an unsubstituted cyclic-1, 3 diene ? 2+4+2+2=10

 (c) (i) What do you mean by a racemic mixture ? Why is resolution of a racemic mixture a difficult process ? How can you resolve a recemic mixture ? Suggest one method. 1+1+3=5

> (ii) The addition of HBr to propene is regioselective. Write the reaction involved. Propose a mechanism to justify the regioselectivity. 1+4=5

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 (d) (i) State whether the following compounds are aromatic, nonaromatic or antiaromatic. Give reasons. 2+2=4



- (ii) Define hyperconjugation. How many hyperconjugation structures are possible for an isopropyl radical?
- (iii) What do you mean by partial bond fixation ? Which position of anthracene is attacked by electrophiles and why ?

1+(1+2)=4

- (e) (i) Explain Baeyer strain theory. 2
 - (ii) Draw the energy profile diagram of cyclohexane. 3
 - (iii) Why is the chain form of cyclohexane the most stable ? 1
 - (iv) Convert meso-tartaric acid from Fischer to Newman projection and Sawhorse projection. 2

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Let (S)-2-bromobutane have a specific rotation of $+23.1^{\circ}$ and (R)-2-bromobutane have a specific rotation of -23.1° . What is the percentage purity and % composition of a mixture whose specific rotation was found to be $+18.4^{\circ}$?

(f) (i) What are the factors which determine whether an aliphatic nucleophilic substitution reaction proceeds by SN1 or SN2 reaction? Discuss any two factors in brief. 1+4=5

> (ii) Using appropriate example write briefly about Saytzeff and Hofmann elimination.

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(v)