Total number of printed pages-7

.

3 (Sem-5/CBCS) ZOO HC 1

2023

ZOOLOGY

(Honours Core)

Paper : ZOO-HC-5016

(Molecular Biology)

Full Marks : 60

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Choose the correct answer: $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (i) The number of base pairs present in each turn of B-form of DNA helix is
 - (a) 9
 - *(b)* 12
 - (c) 11
 - (d) 10

Contd.

- (ii) In eukaryotes, the TATA box sequences required for initiation of transcription are present in
 - (a) 10 nucleotides upstream of transcription start site (TSS)
 - (b) 25 nucleotides upstream TSS
 - (c) 10 nucleotides downstream TSS

5 ...

- (d) 25 nucleotides downstream TSS(iii) The enzyme responsible for photoreactivation of DNA is
 - (a) Photoligase
 - (b) Photoreductase
 - (c) Photooxidase
 - (d) Photolyase
- 3 (Sem 5/CBCS) ZOO HC 1/G 2

- (iv) The nucleotide cap that is attached at the 5' end of mRNA during capping is
 - (a) 5-methyl guanosine
 - (b) 7-methyl guanosine
 - (c) 5-acetyl guanosine
 - (d) 7-acetyl guanosine
 - (v) Which of the following reaction is required for proofreading during DNA replication by DNA polymerase III?
 - (a) 5' to 3' exonuclease activity
 - (b) 3' to 5' endonuclease activity
 - (c) 3' to 5' exonuclease activity
 - (d) 5' to 3' endonuclease activity
 - (vi) Removal of intron is called as
 - (a) Splicing
 - (b) Capping
 - (c) RNA editing

Contd.

(d) All of the above

3 (Sem-5/CBCS) ZOO HC 1/G 3

(vii) Which of the following amino acids has the highest number of codons?

(a) Proline

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(b) Leucine

(c) Tryptophan

(d) Aspartic acid

2. Write short notes on the following:

2×4=8

(a) Pyrimidine dimerization

(b) Split genes

(c) 'Clover Leaf Model' of t-RNA

(d) Gene silencing

- 3. Answer **any three** from the following: 5×3=15
 - (a) Write the steps involved in synthesis of rRNA.

3 (Sem-5/CBCS) ZOO HC 1/G 4

- (b) Write a note on the structural features of a prokaryotic ribosome.
- (c) Write a brief account on the mechanism of mRNA splicing in eukaryotes.
- (d) What is RNA editing? Write the role of editosome and guide RNA (gRNA) in insertion/deletion type of RNA editing. 1+4=5
- (e) Write the difference between short interfering RNA (siRNA) and micro RNA (miRNA).
- (a) Why is DNA replication known as 'high-fidelity' reaction? Briefly explain the mechanism of DNA replication in eukaryotes.

2+8=10

3 (Sem-5/CBCS) ZOO HC 1/G 5

Contd.

What are protein synthesis inhibitors? (b) Discuss the role of inhibitors in the regulation of various stages of protein synthesis. 2+8=10

5. (a) What do you mean by degeneracy of the genetic code? Briefly explain the mechanism of translation of mRNA in prokaryotes with an elaborate discussion on translation initiation, elongation and termination. 2+8=10

Or

- Briefly discuss the process of (b) transcription in prokaryotes. Mention the importance of transcription factors in transcription process. 8+2=10

6. (a) What are inducers and co-repressors? What is an operon constituted of? Briefly explain the lactose (lac) operon in Escherichia coli. 2+1+7=10

3 (Sem-5/CBCS) ZOO HC 1/G 6 (b) Describe the characteristic features of two classes of aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases. Explain the process of interaction between the two classes of aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases and their corresponding tRNAs. 4+6=10

3 (Sem-5/CBCS) ZOO HC 1/G 7

3500