Total number of printed pages-4

3 (Sem-6/CBCS) BOT HC 1

2024

BOTANY (Honours Core) Paper : BOT-HC-6016 (Plant Metabolism) Full Marks : 60 Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer the following questions : 1×7=7

- (a) Name the type of the metabolic pathway which is involved in the synthesis of compounds in plant bodies.
- (b) What is the first stable product in the C4 pathway?
- (c) Which of the given lights are strongly absorbed by plants?
 - (i) Indigo and Yellow

Contd.

- (ii) Yellow and Violet
- (iii) Blue and Red
- (iv) Orange and Violet
- (d) Name the enzyme which catalyses the conversion of N_2 into ammonia during the biological N_2 fixing process.
- (e) Name one simple lipid.
- (f) Which enzyme is required for the synthesis of ATP?
- (g) The end product of glycolysis under anaerobic conditions is _____. (Fill in the blank)

full marks for the questions.

2. Answer the following questions shortly :

8=4×2ver the following questions :

- (a) Write the roles of PS-II during photosynthesis.
- (b) Write a note on ATP as high energy molecule.
- (c) Define aerobic respiration.
- (d) Distinguish between RuBP and RuBisCO.

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- 3. Answer the following questions briefly : (any three) 5×3=15
 - (a) Explain Glycolysis. State its end products. In both aerobic and anaerobic respiration, determine the fate of these products.
 - (b) Discuss the key events and outcomes of the light reaction of photosynthesis.
 - (c) Discuss different types of nitrogen-fixing bacteria and their symbiotic relationships with plants.
 - (d) Explain the mechanisms of enzyme inhibition with suitable example.
 - (e) What is meant by the term 'signal transduction'? What are some of the steps by which signal transduction can occur?
- 4. Answer the following questions as instructed : (any three) 10×3=30
 - (a) Explain how the irreversible reaction catalysed by the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex leads to the entry of acetyl-CoA into the TCA cycle. Why cannot acetyl-CoA be used as a substrate for gluconeogenesis ?

4+6=10

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Contd.

- (b) What is a second messenger ? Why do you suppose it is called this ? Elucidate the role of calcium-binding proteins eliciting a response. 2+2+6=10
- (c) Distinguish between aerobic respiration and anaerobic respiration. Explain the significance of oxygen in aerobic respiration in the context of ETS.

3+7=10

- (d) Describe the β -oxidation pathway of fatty acid degradation. Draw the glyoxylate cycle. 6+4=10
- (e) Why do you suppose RuBisCO performs more carboxylation in C4 plants than in other plants? Explain the Hatch and Slack pathways with proper schematic sketch.
 - (f) What are mono, oligo and polysaccharides? Describe their role"in plant metabolism. 3+7=10

Why cannot acetyl-CoA be used as a

4

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