Total number of printed pages-7

3 (Sem-5/CBCS) PHY HC1

2024

PHYSICS

(Honours Core) Paper : PHY-HC-5016

(Quantum Mechanics and Applications)

Full Marks : 60

Time : Three hours

## The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer the following questions :  $1 \times 7 = 7$ 

- (a) Eigenvalue of Hamiltonian operator is
  - (i) kinetic energy
  - (ii) potential energy
  - (iii) both (i) and (ii)
  - (iv) total energy
- (b) Why  $\psi = e^x$  is not an acceptable wave function in quantum mechanics ?

Contd.

(c) What do you mean by space quantisation of an atom ?

(d) The value of  $\left[\hat{x}, \frac{\partial}{\partial x}\right]$  is

(i) 1
(ii) −1
(iii) iħ
(iv) −i

- (e) What is the value of spin-orbit interaction energy for the ground state of hydrogen atom ?
- (f) When does the probability density of a quantum mechanical oscillator approach that of a classical oscillator?
- (g) Can the Stern-Gerlach experiment be performed with ions instead of neutral atoms ?
- 2. Answer the following questions :  $2 \times 4 = 8$ 
  - (a) Is the wave function  $\psi(x) = e^{ikx}$  an eigenfunction of the kinetic energy operator T ? If yes, what is its eigenvalue ?

- (b) What is a Gaussian wave packet ? Express its wave function.
- (c) The one-dimensional wave function is given by  $\psi(x) = \sqrt{a} e^{-ax}$ . Find the probability of finding the particle between  $x = \frac{1}{a}$  and  $x = \frac{2}{a}$ .
- (d) Calculate the Lande's g factor for the  ${}^{2}p_{3/2}$  state.
- 3. Answer **any three** of the following questions: 5×3=15
  - (a) State the conditions of "acceptability of wave function" in quantum mechanics with explanation.
  - (b) Obtain time-independent Schrödinger wave equation for a free particle in one dimension. Give a physical interpretation of the wave function  $\psi(x,t)$ . 4+1=5

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Contd.

(c) Find the expectation value of energy when the state of harmonic oscillator is described by the following wave function :

$$\psi(x,t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ \psi_0(x,t) + \psi_1(x,t) \right]$$

where  $\psi_0(x,t)$  and  $\psi_1(x,t)$  are the wave functions for the ground state and first excited state respectively.

- (d) State Pauli's exclusion principle. An atomic state is denoted by  ${}^{3}p_{2}$ . Determine the values of L, S and J and mention whether the above state is admissible or not. 2+3=5
- (e) Discuss the significance of zero-point energy with reference to a linear harmonic oscillator. The energy of a linear harmonic oscillator in the third excited state is 0.1 eV. Find the frequency of vibration. 2+3=5

4. Answer **any three** of the following questions: 10×3=30

(a) (i) What is the need for normalization of a wave function ? A wave function  $\psi(x)$  is given by

 $\psi(x) = A_n \sin \frac{2n\pi x}{L}$  in the region

 $0 \le x \le L$ . Find the value of  $A_n$ using normalization condition. 1+4=5

 (ii) Derive the continuity equation from the time-dependent Schrödinger equation of a particle moving in a real potential and give its physical significance. 4+1=5

(b) A particle of mass m is moving in a one-dimensional potential given by

v(x) = 0 for  $0 \le x \le L$ 

 $v(x) = \infty$  for x < 0 and x > L

Using appropriate boundary conditions, solve the Schrödinger equation and find allowed energy values and normalized wave functions of the particle. Also plot the eigenfunctions corresponding to different eigenvalues. 8+2=10

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Contd.

- (c) Write the radial equation of hydrogen atom and solve it for obtaining its energy eigenvalues. 2+8=10
- (d) What is anomalous Zeeman effect ? Discuss the quantum mechanical theory of anomalous Zeeman effect, with special reference to Zeeman pattern for  $D_1$  and  $D_2$  lines of sodium. 2+8=10
- (e) (i) Describe and explain LS and JJ couplings. Illustrate them with vector diagram. 2+2+4=8
  - (ii) Determine the possible values of resultant angular momentum for

two electrons having  $j_1 = \frac{3}{2}$  and

$$j_2 = \frac{5}{2}$$
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(f) (i) A beam of electrons enters a uniform magnetic field of flux density  $1.2Wb/m^2$  in the z-direction. Find the energy difference between the electrons whose spins are parallel and antiparallel to the field. 5

- (ii) Write short note on **any one** of the following : 5
  - (i) Paschen-Back effect
  - (ii) Stark effect