

2013

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Major)

Paper : 3.1

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 hours

ACC No
19.66

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Choose the correct option of the following :
1×10=10

(a) Who among the following is regarded as a realist?

- (i) Morgenthau
- (ii) Kant
- (iii) Wilson

(b) Who among the following is supporter of the Fourteenth Principle?

- (i) Hedley Bull
- (ii) Woodrow Wilson
- (iii) Martin Shubik

- (c) According to Palmer and Perkins, methods of maintaining balance of power are divided into
- 4 categories
 - 6 categories
 - 8 categories
- (d) The book written by Kenneth Waltz in the year 1954 is
- Man, the State and War*
 - Politics Among Nations*
 - The Theory of International Relations*
- (e) The Treaty of Versailles was signed in the year
- 1929
 - 1939
 - 1919
- (f) The First World War started in the year
- 1814
 - 1914
 - 1924
- (g) The UNO (United Nations Organisation) was established in the year
- 1945
 - 1955
 - 1965

- (h) "Collective security is based on joint action in order to counter any aggression established international law" said by
- Schleicher
 - Palmer
 - George Scoville
- (i) "International relations are concerned with the balance of power" said by
- Palmer
 - Hartman
 - Burton
- (j) "Human nature is not naturally capable of good relations." It was said by
- Neoliberalist
 - Liberalist
 - Idealist

2. Write very short answers.

- What do you mean by Realist Relations?
- Write two features of liberalist approach.
- Write two characteristics of the theory of Morgenthau.
- Write two features of realist systems approach.
- Define balance of power.

3. Write short answer of the following
(any four) : 5×4=20

- (a) Write about four features of collective security.
- (b) Discuss four methods for promotion of national interest.
- (c) Discuss four impacts of the First World War.
- (d) Write four limitations of Morton Kaplan's systems approach.
- (e) What is ideology of status quo? Discuss.
- (f) Do you justify collective security system? Give your own comment.

4. Write descriptive answer of the following (any four) : 10×4=40

- (a) Discuss the nature and scope of International Relations.
- (b) State and evaluate Idealist Approach.
- (c) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of balance of power.
- (d) Define National Interest. Discuss the criteria for determining National Interest.
- (e) Discuss the causes and consequences of the Second World War.
- (f) Define Ideology. What are different types of ideology? Discuss.
- (g) Discuss the causes of Cold War.
- (h) Discuss the basic concept of collective security.

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(Major)

Paper : 3.2

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 hours

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for the questions*

1. Answer the following as directed : 1×10=10

- (a) Who wrote the article 'Public Administration in a Time of Turbulance'?
- (b) Who is the author of the book, *Max Weber and the theory of Modern Politics* *8/10/10m*
- (c) Who is known as the father of public administration?
- (d) Who is the author of the book, *The Civil Service in Britain and France*?
- (e) The Planning Commission in India was established in 1955 in the month of —.

(Fill in the blank)

(f) The concept of scientific management was first used by Louis Brandeis in the year 1910

(Fill in the blank)

(g) The National Labour Relations Board was established in the year 1925/1935/1945.

(Choose the correct answer)

(h) "The chief executive is a trouble shooter and a promoter of the future programme" was stated by Gladden/Dimock/White.

(Choose the correct answer)

(i) At present there are nine regulatory commissions in the Federal Government of USA.

(Write True or False)

(j) A. Simon was awarded the Noble Peace Prize in the year 1978 for his book, *Administrative Behaviour*.

(Write True or False)

2. Answer the following :

2×5=10

(a) Write any two demerits of centralization.

(b) Mention any two major landmarks in the rise and growth of new public administration.

(c) Mention any scientific management

(d) What do you mean by coordination?

(e) What is a work

3. Answer in brief (any two)

(a) Explain the meaning of delegation put forward by

(b) Explain the four principles of delegation should be followed

(c) Explain the four principles of scientific management

(d) What is unity of command?

(e) What do you mean by management?

(f) Discuss any two types of hierarchy.

4. Answer the following

(a) Define delegation and its procedure of delegation

Define public administration and its nature? What are the differences between public and private administrations?

- (b) Discuss the concept of new public management. 10

Or

What is the procedure of supervision?
Why is it necessary? 7+3

- (c) Discuss the Bureaucratic theory of administration. 10

Or

What do you mean by auxiliary agency?
Distinguish between auxiliary agency
and staff agency. 3+7

- (d) Define coordination. What are its
different types? What are the
hindrances in the path of coordination?
2+2+6

Or

What is public corporation? What are its
characteristics? 4+6
