

2012

ECONOMICS

(Major)

Paper : 3.1

ACC No.
16.45

(Elementary Mathematics for Economics)

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions

1. Answer the following questions : $1 \times 10 = 10$

(a) If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and $B = \{4, 5, 6, 7\}$,
find $A \cup B$.

(b) Give an example of a finite set.

(c) Define a rational function with example.

(d) Define a column vector with example.

(e) Given that $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 3}$. Find the

transpose of A, i.e., A' .

(f) Define the rank of a matrix with example.

(g) Given that $y = e^{ax}$. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

(h) For the function $z = x + ye^{-x}$, find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$.

(i) Find $\int x^5 dx$.

(j) What total function will you obtain when you integrate the marginal propensity to consume (MPC) function?

2. Answer the following questions : 2×5=10

(a) Define a homogeneous function.

(b) Evaluate the limit of the function

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1-x}{1-x^2}$$

(c) Can you add $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and

$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 9 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$? Justify your answer.

(d) Apply quotient rule to find the derivative of $y = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x+1}$.

(e) Find the integral

$$\int (2x^2 + \dots)$$

3. Answer briefly any four

(a) State when two functions are conformable for

that $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and

(b) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, show

(c) State the condition for a function $y = f(x)$ to be concave at $x = a$. Graphically, show whether a function is concave or not?

(d) Find the partial derivative of the function

$$y = f(x_1, x_2) = x_1^2 + x_2^2$$

(e) Obtain the first-order partial derivative of the following function

$$y = x^3 - 6x^2$$

(f) Find the integral of

4. Answer any four of the following : $10 \times 4 = 40$

(a) Solve the following equation system by matrix inversion :

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 = 15$$

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + 5x_3 = 13$$

$$4x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 = 11$$

(b) What is a determinant? Evaluate

$$|A| = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$$

State two properties of determinants with example. $2+4+4=10$

(c) State three basic assumptions of input-output analysis. Give the economic meaning of the element $a_{32} = 0.35$ in an input coefficient matrix. Write the input coefficient matrix for an n industry economy. $3+2+5=10$

(d) In a three-sector economy, the input coefficient matrix and final demand vector are as given below :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.3 \\ 0.1 & 0.3 & 0.4 \\ 0.2 & 0.3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } F = \begin{bmatrix} 500 \\ 700 \\ 600 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find the sectorial output X_1 , X_2 and X_3 .

(e) State and prove the product rule of differentiation. If $Y = ax^2 + b$ using the product rule find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

(f) (i) For the function

$$y = \log(ax^2 + b)$$

$$\text{find } \frac{dy}{dx}$$

(ii) If $xy = a$, show that

$$x \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2 \frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{x}$$

(g) For the following function $f_{xy} = f_{yx}$:

$$(i) f(x, y) = 6x^3 + 5xy^2$$

$$(ii) f(x, y) = 5x_1x_2$$

(h) (i) Find the definite integral

$$\int_2^4 (8 + 7x)^2 dx$$

(ii) Given that the marginal cost function $MC = C'(Q) = 3Q + 1$, where Q is the output and the total fixed cost is 20. Find the total cost function $TC = C(Q)$. 5+5=10

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Paper : 3.2

(The Monetary System)

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Answer the following questions : $1 \times 10 = 10$
- (a) What is 'standard money'?
 - (b) Define near money.
 - (c) Mention one asset of commercial bank.
 - (d) Give two examples of capital market regulator.
 - (e) What do you mean by 'moral suasion' as a method of credit control?

- (f) Mention any two functions of financial system.
- (g) Give two examples of financial intermediary.
- (h) When was RBI nationalised?
- (i) What do you mean by 'reserve fund' of a commercial bank?
- (j) Mention the components of financial market.

2. Answer the following questions : 2×5=10

- (a) Distinguish between primary market and secondary market.
- (b) Distinguish between an equity and a debt instrument.
- (c) Distinguish between full-bodied money and token money.
- (d) Distinguish between qualitative credit control and quantitative credit control.
- (e) How does credit multiplier differ from cash reserve ratio?

3. Answer any four of the following in brief :

- (a) Explain briefly functions of the Central Bank.
- (b) Point out the features of a modern financial system.
- (c) Bring out the limitations of credit creation by commercial banks.
- (d) How does the stock market contribute to capital formation?
- (e) Explain the role of the lender of last resort.
- (f) Explain the conflict between 'profitability' and 'liquidity' of a commercial bank.

4. Answer any four of the following in brief :

- (a) Explain the concept of 'base money'. Bring out the significance of money supply measures.
- (b) Critically discuss the role of the central bank in controlling the money supply.

- (c) Give an outline of the assets and liabilities of a commercial bank. 10
- (d) Discuss the principal functions of the Central Bank. 10
- (e) Explain the process by which the bank rate policy operates. Discuss the limitations of the policy. 7+3=10
- (f) What are the objectives of monetary policy? Can monetary policy alone achieve them? 5+5=10
- (g) Explain the constituents of a financial system. Also discuss the importance of the system. 8+2=10
- (h) What is a 'financial market'? Discuss the features of a financial market. 2+8=10
