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PHYSICS

( Major )

Paper : 6.2

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

GROUP—A

( **Mathematical Methods** )

1. Answer any *two* from the following :  $1 \times 2 = 2$

(a) Evaluate the following quantity in 4-dimension :

$$\sum_{i,j} \delta_j^i$$

(b) Define a scalar quantity.

(c) Name any two branches of physics where tensors are applied.

2. Answer any four from the following :  $2 \times 4 = 8$

(a) Define transformation properties of a contravariant vector  $A^i$  and a covariant vector  $B_i$ .

(b) What do you mean by contraction of a mixed tensor? Contract  $A_{klm}^{ij}$  twice.

(c) Define inner product of two tensors. If  $R_{ij}$  and  $g^{ij}$  are two tensors, what is the rank of the quantity  $g^{ij}R_{ij}$ ?

(d) Define coordinate transformation in  $N$ -dimensional space. If  $N$  is the dimension of space and  $r$  is the rank of a tensor, what is the number of components of the tensor?

(e) What is the rank of the quantity  $A^i B_j$ ?  
If  $A_{ij}$  is a symmetric covariant tensor, which of the following is correct?

(i)  $A_{ij} + A_{ji} = 0$

(ii)  $A_{ij} + A_{ji} = 2A_{ij}$

(iii)  $A_{ij} - A_{ji} \neq 0$

(iv) None of the above

3. Answer any one of the following :

5

- (a) If  $A^{ij} = p^i q^j$ , obtain the transformation of  $A^{ij}$  if the coordinates are transformed from  $x^i$  to  $x'^i$ .
- (b) If  $\vec{A}$  and  $\vec{B}$  are two ordinary vectors, then show that components of  $\vec{A} \times \vec{B}$  form a second rank antisymmetric tensor.
- (c) Show that the components of Kronecker delta  $\delta^i_j$  do not change under coordinate transformation.

## GROUP—B

## ( Solid-state Physics )

4. Choose the correct answer :

1×7=7

- (a) Number of atom(s) per unit cell of an f.c.c. lattice is
- (i) 1
- (ii) 2
- (iii) 3
- (iv) 4

- (b) Bonding between the atoms of silicon crystal is
- (i) ionic
  - (ii) metallic
  - (iii) covalent
  - (iv) van der Waals
- (c) Relation between electrical and thermal conductivity of metals is given by
- (i) Wiedemann-Franz law
  - (ii) Boltzmann law
  - (iii) Mathiessen rule
  - (iv) Poisson's law
- (d) Silicon can be made *p*-type semiconductor by doping with
- (i) phosphorous
  - (ii) arsenic
  - (iii) aluminium
  - (iv) antimony
- (e) The phenomena of expulsion of magnetic lines of force from the interior of a superconductor is known as
- (i) Meissner effect
  - (ii) Josephson effect
  - (iii) Hall effect
  - (iv) Thompson effect

- (f) Hysteresis is shown in
- (i) nonmagnetic material
  - (ii) diamagnetic material
  - (iii) paramagnetic material
  - (iv) ferromagnetic material
- (g) Susceptibility of a diamagnetic material is
- (i) large and negative
  - (ii) large and positive
  - (iii) small and negative
  - (iv) small and positive

5. Give very short answers to the following questions :

2×4=8

- (a) What are nonprimitive unit cells?
- (b) Differentiate between van der Waals and hydrogen bonding.
- (c) Distinguish between intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors from energy band diagram.
- (d) What are ferromagnetic domains?

6. Give short answers to the following questions  
(any two) : 5×2=10

(a) Show that the first five terms in the series for Madelung constant of NaCl are

$$\alpha = 6 - \frac{12}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{8}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{6}{2} + \frac{24}{\sqrt{5}}$$

(b) Discuss about the position of Fermi level in intrinsic and extrinsic semi-conductors under suitable limiting conditions.

(c) Give an account of the experimental results which distinguish the super-conducting state from the normal state of a metal.

(d) An electromagnet with iron core achieves maximum magnetic field of 1.0 tesla. Obtain the magnetic interaction energy at a temperature of 300 K.

7. Answer any two essay-type questions from the following : 10×2=20

(a) Explain why X-rays can get diffracted from solids. Illustrate quantitatively how Bragg's law can be used for determination of lattice constants. 3+7=10

- (b) Write down Boltzmann transport equation for electrons under external electric field. Solve it to obtain an expression for electrical conductivity in solids. 10
- (c) Discuss the essential features of the electron energy band structure of solids on the basis of Kronig-Penny model. 10
- (d) Illustrate in detail about type-I and type-II superconductors. 10
- (e) Obtain an expression for paramagnetic susceptibility of free electrons on the basis of classical laws. Discuss its drawbacks and show how Pauli modified it. 6+2+2=10

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